

A. Answer the questions.

1. Where do Polar bears live?

- a. South Pole
- b. Arctic
- c. Antarctica
- d. North America

2. What animals live in Antarctica?

- a. Narwhals
- b. Arctic foxes
- c. Unicorns
- d. Emperor penguins

3. Polar bears hibernate in the spring and come out in the winter to hunt for food.

Is this statement true?

- a. Yes
- b. No

4. Do seals have thick blubber?

- a. Yes
- b. No

5. Do emperor penguins have feathers?

- a. Yes
- b. No

6. What are narwhals?

- a. A kind of fish with a long tail
- b. A kind of bird with big wings
- c. A kind of whale with a long tusk
- d. A kind of bear with small paws

7. Why do some animals migrate to other places?

- a. To have a vacation
- b. To keep warm
- c. To go somewhere colder
- d. To go exercise

8. Do we call narwhals sea unicorns?

- a. Yes
- b. No



9. What animals live in the Arctic. Choose 3 things.

Tree frogs	Arctic foxes	Brown bears
Polar bears	Racoons	Narwhals

10. In the Polar Regions it is very cold. How do animals survive in the Polar Regions? (open)		

B. Choose the correct word to complete the story.

blubber	Arctic	survive	migrate
penguins	regions	whale	tusk

It is very cold in	n the polar	Some	people and anii	mals live here. How	w do animals
	_ in the polar regio	ons? Some have _		to keep them wa	rm. Some
to warm places ir		n the winter. Son	ne hibernate in	the winter. Polar	bears live in the
	Narwhals live in	the Arctic, too!	A narwhal is a	type of	with a long
	Emperor	live in	the Antarctic.	There are many co	ool animals living in the
polar regions!					

C. Match the picture to the sentence.

1	
2	

This is a narwhal. Narwhals have a long tusk.
Seals live in the polar regions.

K120a Reading 1-2 Exercise



3	A T T A T T A T T
4	
5	
6	

Emperor penguins live in Antarctica. They have thick feathers.
Arctic foxes of thick fur to keep warm.
Some animals migrate to warm places in the winter.
These are the polar regions. It is very cold here!

D. Put the title, and the paragraphs in the correct order.

	Number
Narwhals live in the Arctic.	
They are a type of whale with a long tusk.	
They use their tusks to break ice, and fight.	
We call narwhals sea unicorns.	
Do you think narwhals look like unicorns?	
Some polar animals have thick fur.	
Some have blubber to keep them warm.	
Some migrate to warm places in the winter.	
Some hibernate in the winter.	
Polar animals have adapted to the cold weather.	
Polar bears live in the Arctic.	
Polar bears have thick fur to keep them warm.	
Polar bears hibernate in winter.	
This means they sleep when it is very cold.	
They wake up in the spring and hunt for food.	
They have huge paws to catch their food.	
Polar bears look cute, but they are dangerous.	
These penguins are relaxing on a piece of ice.	

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The ice floats on the ocean. Penguins can rest on the ice. It looks relaxing.	
Look at this snowbank. Can you see any animals hiding here? Some animals hide in the snow. They are the same colour as the snow. Look one more time. Can you see them?	
Seals live in the polar regions. Seals have thick blubber to keep them warm. They can dive deep into the ocean to get food. They can swim fast to avoid predators.	
Emperor penguins live in the Antarctic. They have thick feathers. They are thick, and fluffy! The thick feathers keep them warm, and dry. Penguins are great swimmers. They can dive deep like a seal. They can swim fast like a seal, too.	
These are the polar regions. It is very cold here. A few plants live here. Some people live here. Some animals live here, too. How do animals survive in the polar regions?	
All About Polar Animals	
Arctic foxes live in the Arctic. They have thick fur to keep warm. They can hide in the snow. They hide to catch their food.	

E. Word Count. Read the passage again. Count how many times you see the following words.

Word	How many times did you see this word in the story?
ice	

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	SIIIIC
blubber	
warm	
penguins	
fur	
Today I learned:	